

(c) In most of the cases it is either due to non-payment of the upset price or malki value by the grantees. A few cases are pending disposal for assesment of malki value by the Forest Department.

Sri B. N. BORANNA GOWDA.—You are kind enough to tell us that there are only 185 applications pending and in the case of Harijans, only 16. Will you kindly instruct the officers to expedite this matter Sir?

†Sri KADIDAL MANJAPPA.—Most certainly.

Sri B. N. BORANNA GOWDA.—Will you kindly get the report that these cases are settled within three months?

Sri KADIDAL MANJAPPA.—I will try my best.

PROHIBITION CASES LAUNCHED IN 1959-60 IN HASSAN DISTRICT.

*Q.—44. Sri B. N. BORANNA GOWDA (Belur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(a) the number of prohibition cases launched for the year 1959-60 in Hassan District;

(b) out of these cases, how many of them ended in conviction;

(c) how many such cases were ended in fine?

A.—Sri B. D. JATTI (Chief Minister).—

(a) 1,556.

(b) 1,551.

(c) 1,509.

Sri B. N. BORANNA GOWDA.—Sir, it has been given in the answer that out of 1556 cases, 1551 ended in conviction, May I know in the cases which ended in conviction, whether the police and the parties concerned had practically arrived at some mutual arrangements in regard to this ?

†Sri B. D. JATTI.—Sir, it is the concern of the court and not the police. If the court does not punish any person, how can be the police help ?

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—Is it not a reflection on the courts to say that if the court does not punish, the police could not help ? The court is expected to do justice. It is not a question of courts punishing. But the reflection appears to be that the court did not convict the person, or persons though the police were earnest about it.

Mr. SPEAKER.—It is a matter of fact that the court did not convict. The court can either convict a person or acquit him.

Sri M. C. NARASIMHAN.—I understand that position. But the answer of the Chief Minister seemed to suggest that the court has done something wrong.

Mr. SPEAKER.—The Chief Minister has said nothing by way of reflection.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—Is the Chief Minister indirectly suggesting that the court ought to have convicted whatever case the police brought up?

Sri B. N. BORANNA GOWDA.—May I know how many cases were admitted in this area?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—From 1st April 1959 to 31st March 1960 total number of cases charge-sheeted are 1556.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—Have the Government understood that this large number of offences in the old Mysore State...

Mr. SPEAKER.—No question of 'old Mysore State.' It relates to Hassan District.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—...is due to the fact that compulsory imprisonment is not provided in the Mysore Prohibition Act?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—That amendment has not yet been proposed and it has not been accepted.

9. A.M.

Sri M. RAMAPPA.—Does the Government know that a large number of offences are committed under the Prohibition Act because compulsory imprisonment is not provided under the Act?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Whatever provisions are there in the Act are there and they will be made use of by the courts.

Sri G. VENKATAI GOWDA.—Has it come to the notice of Government that a large number of cases end in acquittal because there are a number of lacunae in the Act?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—The total number of cases charge sheeted is 1556 and out of them 1551 have been convicted. Where is the question of acquittal?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—What is the amount of fine realised?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—I have no information.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎ. ಜಿ. ನರಸಿಂಹೇಗೌಡ.—ಹಾಸನ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮೃದ್ಯಪಾನ ನಡೆಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರೋಲಿಲಿಸಿವರೇ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಗೆ ಕಾರಣರು ಎಂಬುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ಈಗ ಸದ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಕೋರ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದ ಕೇಸುಗಳು ಕನ್ವಿಕ್ಟ್ ಆಗಿ ಕೋರ್ಟಿನವರೇ ಜೆನ್ಮಾನ್ ಆಗಿ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದು ಕಾಣುತ್ತದೆ. ಅಂದ ಮೇಲೆ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಹೇಳುವುದು ಇಮ್ಯಾಜಿನೇಷನ್.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಜಿ. ನರಸಿಂಹೇಗೌಡ.—ದೊಡ್ಡ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಕೇಸುಗಳನ್ನು ಮಮ್ಮಿನ ಹಾಗೆಯೇ ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಸಣ್ಣ ಸಣ್ಣ ಕೇಸುಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾತ್ರ ಪ್ರೋಲಿಲಿಸಿವರು ಅಲ್ಲ ಹಿಡಿಯಲಕ್ಕೇ ಹೋಗುತ್ತಾರೆಂಬುದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ಆ ರೀತಿ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ. ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಆ ರೀತಿ ಏನಾದರೂ ಬಂದಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದರೆ ಅದನ್ನು ಇನ್‌ವೆಸ್ಟಿಗೇಷನ್ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಂ. ಸಿ. ನರಸಿಂಹನ್.—ಹಿಂದಿನ ಆವರೇಜ್ ಲೆಖ್ಯವನ್ನು ಇಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡೇನಾದರೂ ಈ ರೀತಿ ಆದೇಶವನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೀರಾ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ಆದೇಶವೇನೂ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಲ್ಲ. ಆ ರೀತಿ ಸಂಹೇಮಾಡಿದ್ದರೂ, ಆ ರೀತಿ ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜಿ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ಚನ್ನರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇಂದಿ ಉತ್ತರಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪರ್ಮಿಷನ್ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕುಡಿತದ ಹಾವಳಿ ಜಾಸ್ತಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ಆ ರೀತಿ ಕುಡಿದವರಲ್ಲ ಎಷ್ಟು ಜನಗಳಿಗೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—There are a number of cases convicted in Hassan District. Channarayana has not been transferred to Shimoga or Chickmagalur District. So, may I know how many cases in Channarayapatana have ended in conviction ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—I have no talukwise figures. I have given the total number of cases in the district.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಫ್. ಬಿ. ನರಸಿಂಹೇಗೌಡ.—ಈ ಕೇಸುಗಳ ಪೈಕಿ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರದು ಎಷ್ಟು ಮತ್ತು ಪೊಲೀಸಿನವರದು ಎಷ್ಟು ?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—We cannot make a distinction between police and the ordinary citizen. All are equal before the law.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಬಿ. ನರಸಿಂಹೇಗೌಡ.—ಪೊಲೀಸಿನವರು ಕುಡಿದಿದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ಯಾರೂ ಕೇಸು ಹಾಕುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅಂತಹವರನ್ನೇನಾದರೂ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕರೇ ಹಿಡಿದುಕೊಟ್ಟರೆ ಏಕೆ ಅವರಮೇಲೆ ಕೇಸುಹಾಕದೆ ಬಿಟ್ಟುಬಿಡುತ್ತೀರಿ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.—ಅಂಥಾದ್ದು ಯಾವ ಕೇಸೂ ಇದುವರೆಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ. ಆ ರೀತಿ ಏನಾದರೂ ಬಂದಿದ್ದರೆ ಪೊಲೀಸಿನವರನ್ನೂ ಡಿಸ್‌ಮಿಸ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತೇವೆ.

CONSTRUCTION OF HARANGI PROJECT.

*Q.—45. K. M. DEVAIAH (Periyapatna).—

Will the Government be pleased to state.—

(a) whether the State Government got the approval of the Central Government for the construction of the Harangi Project ;

(b) the height of the proposed Harangi Project ;

(c) the acreage that would come under water as a result of the proposed project ;

(details of the acreage of the following that would come under water may be furnished) ;

(1) Coffee,

(2) Cardamom.